



## What's Going On:

RMG Workers' Experience During the Covid-19 Pandemic

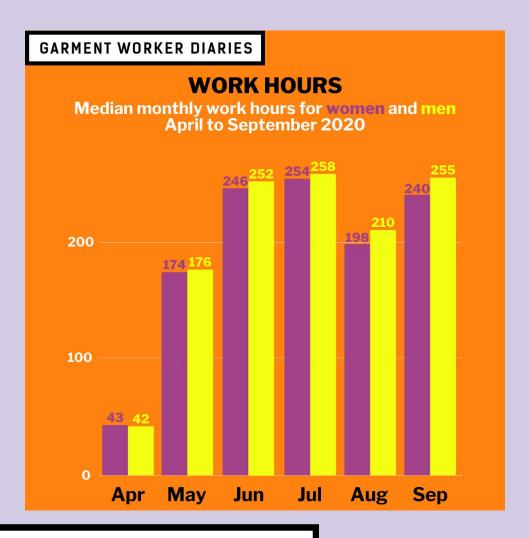
**Guy Stuart, Microfinance Opportunities October 31, 2020** 



#### Introduction

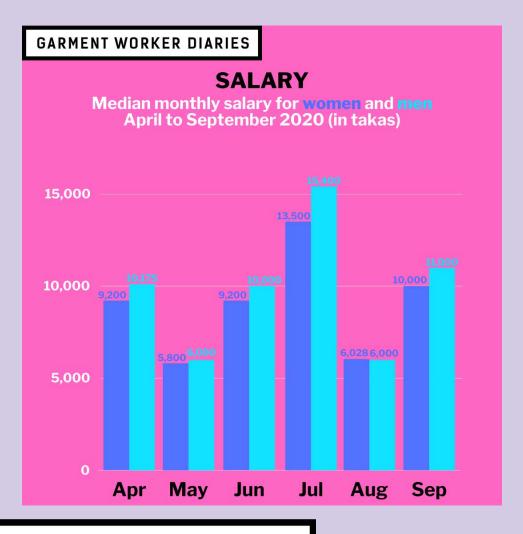
- Garment Worker Diaries
  - Weekly interviews with 1,300 garment workers—nationally representative sample
  - Trusted channel of communication allows stakeholders to insert questions into weekly survey
- Key Findings will be discussed by panelists:
  - Job Security in 2021
  - Wage Digitization and Digital Financial Skills
  - Work, Food Security and Illness
  - Cost of Credit

#### **Hours Worked**



- Factories were closed for most of April, but reopened in May.
- Hours worked in May and August were affected by Eid al-Fitr and Eid al-Adha
- Work hours numbers include break times
- There are 234 regular work hours (including break times) in a typical month
- In 2019 the typical hours for a worker were 246 per month

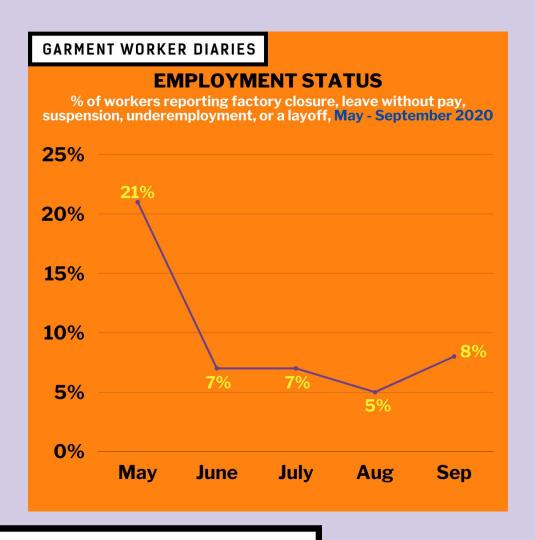
### Monthly Salaries



- Even though factories were closed for most of April, workers were still paid for work performed in March.
- Salary payments in May also include government support payments to workers.
- July and August salary
  payments are impacted by Eid
  al-Adha, with advance
  payments being made in July.
- In 2019 the typical monthly payment was Tk. 10,000

**GARMENT WORKER DIARIES** 

### **Job Security**



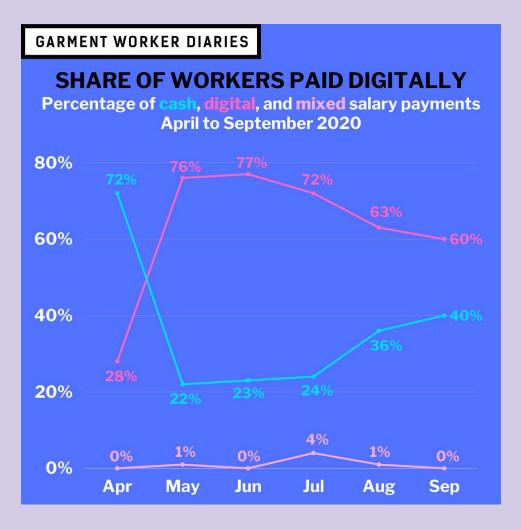
- In May, workers reported the most employment problems.
- Problems then declined in June, July, and August, but we saw an uptick in September.
- How secure is factory work in the RMG over the next few months?
- What policies/programs need to be in place to mitigate the potential employment insecurity?

**GARMENT WORKER DIARIES** 

# Discussion: Job Security, 2021

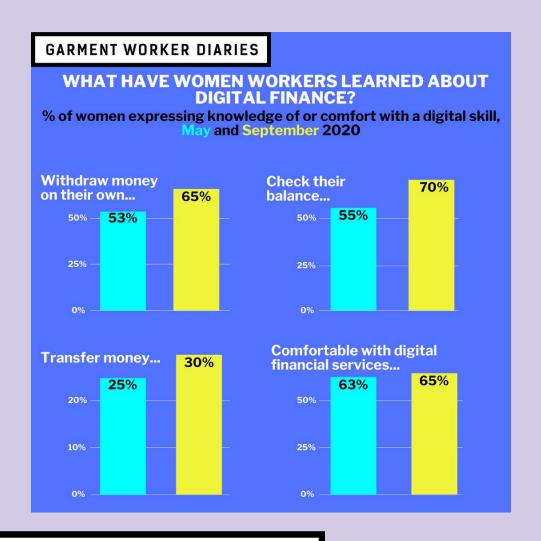
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#### Wage Digitization



- Government mandate related to support package for RMG sector workers
- April 2020: about 1 in 4 workers paid digitally
- May 2020: about 3 in 4 workers paid digitally
  - About an increase in 2 million workers
- Will digitization be maintained?

### Digital financial skills

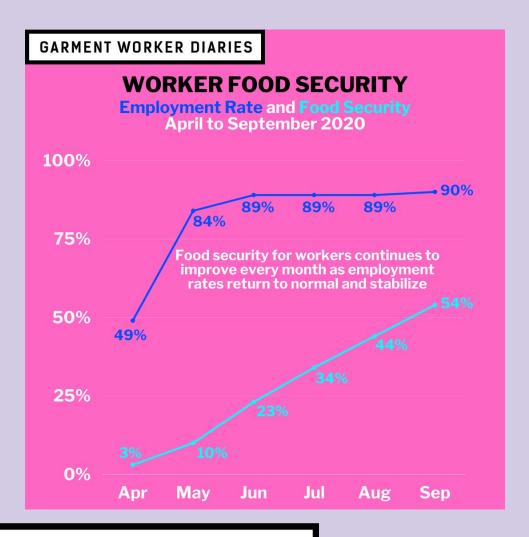


- Between May and September women workers did gain skills in the use of digital financial services, but still very few of them know how to make a transfer.
- Are digital payments useful to workers, especially women?
- How can they be made more useful?

# Discussion: The Future of Digital Wages

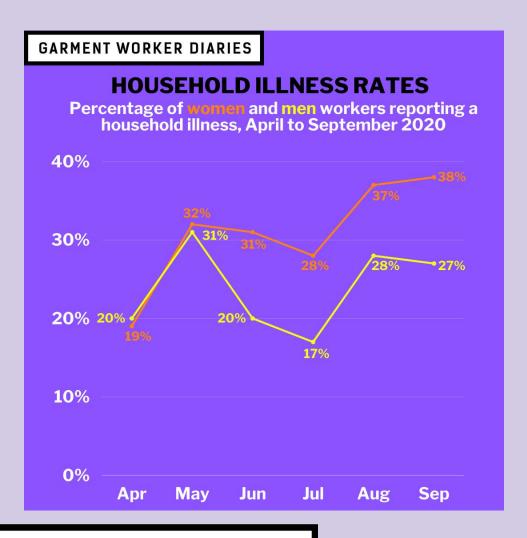
- Will digitization be maintained?
- Are digital payments useful to workers, especially women?
- How can they be made more useful?

#### **Employment and Food Security**



- Between May and September workers went back to work and employment levels remain high.
- At the same time food security increased, but still only remains at about 50% of the workers in the GWD project.
- How do we raise food security so that it reaches 100% for employed workers?

#### **Employment and Illness**

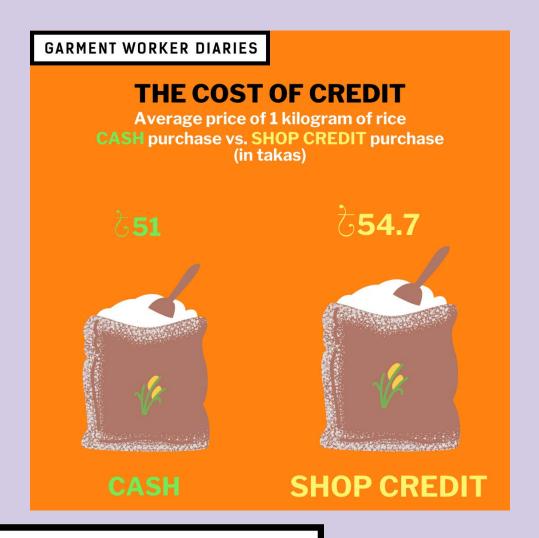


- Between May and September workers went back to work and employment levels remain high.
- At the same time illness in the household reported by the worker has been climbing.
- How do we manage the trade offs between employment and illness?

# Discussion: Work, Food Security, and Illness

- How do we raise food security so that it reaches 100% for employed workers?
- How do we manage the trade offs between employment and illness?

#### Cost of Credit



- Workers pay more for rice when they buy it on shop credit.
- The premium they pay amounts to about 7.6% *per month*
- What can be done to address this issue?
- How can it be done in such a way that local shopkeepers do not feel like their livelihoods are being challenged?

## Discussion: The Cost of Credit

- What can be done to address the cost of food bought on credit?
- How can it be done in such a way that local shopkeepers do not feel like their livelihoods are being challenged?